

10th Congress of
Baltic States SLTs'

Stronger together

10-11 April, 2026



LATVIJAS LOGOPĒDU
ASOCIĀCIJA
- par skaidru valodu



10th Congress of
Baltic States SLTs*

Stronger together

10-11 April, 2026



Optimizing Verbal Communication in Tracheostomized Patients: Development of a Clinical Decision Matrix for One Way Valve Use and Above Cuff Vocalisation

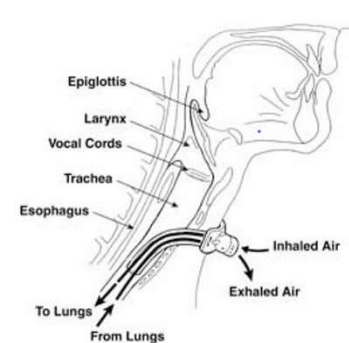
Kadri Taim, MA, North Estonia Medical Centre



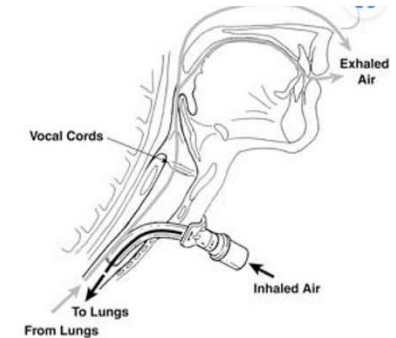
OBJECTIVE(S) AND METHODS

- Effective communication with tracheostomized patients requires selecting appropriate communication techniques. **The most natural way of communicating a message or a thought to a person is by speaking.** For tracheostomized patients, this possibility is limited or completely absent when the tracheostomy tube cuff is inflated.
- Communication options for tracheostomized patients can be established using a **One-Way Valve (OWV)** or **Above Cuff Vocalisation (ACV)**.
- A literature search was conducted in October 2025. Studies were eligible if they compared the use of a OWV/ACV against no OWV/ACV, across any physiological or clinical parameter. To construct the algorithm for using a OWV or ACV we used the algorithm as a starting point for selecting alternative communication methods by ten Hoorn et al in 2016² and Toivonen in 2026³

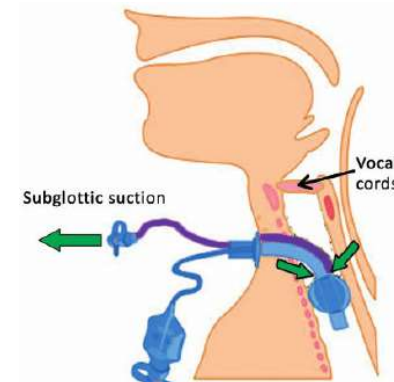
Without OWV



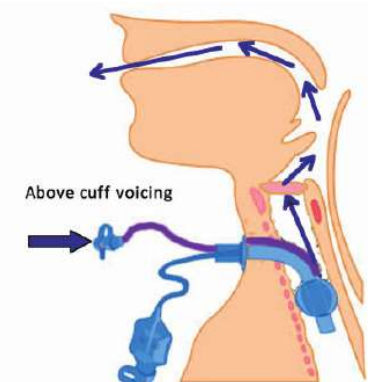
With OWV



Secretion suctioning



ACV



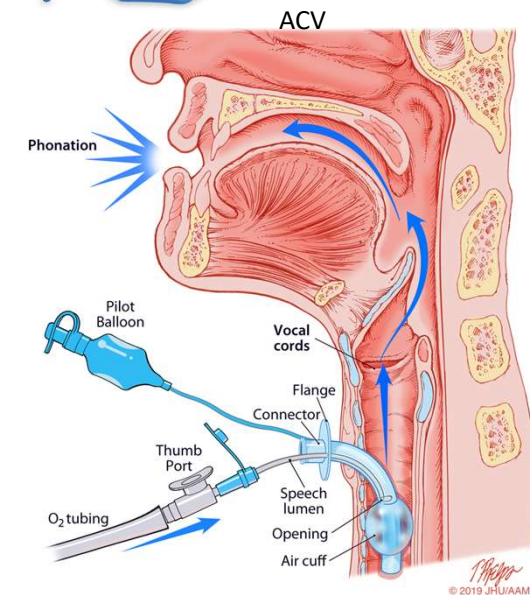
Picture source: https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Tracheostomy-tube-in-situ-with-subglottic-suction-ports-and-tubing-indicated-Left-hand_fig1_282904934,
https://www.researchgate.net/figure/One-way-speaking-valve-The-one-way-valve-allows-air-to-be-inspired-through-the-trach_fig1_374555738



SHORT INTRODUCTION

- To better facilitate communication, **tracheostomy tubes with a subglottic suction port** should be preferred.
- Voice is achievable whilst tracheostomized patients, both mechanically ventilated or breathing spontaneously, using a One-Way Valve (OWV) with cuff deflation and Above Cuff Vocalisation (ACV) with cuff inflation¹.
- Before these techniques are applied by physicians, physiotherapists, or nurses, a **Speech and Language Therapist (SLT)** should assess upper airway and laryngeal function to ensure safe use of voice and swallowing¹.

Tracheostomy tube with a subglottic suction port



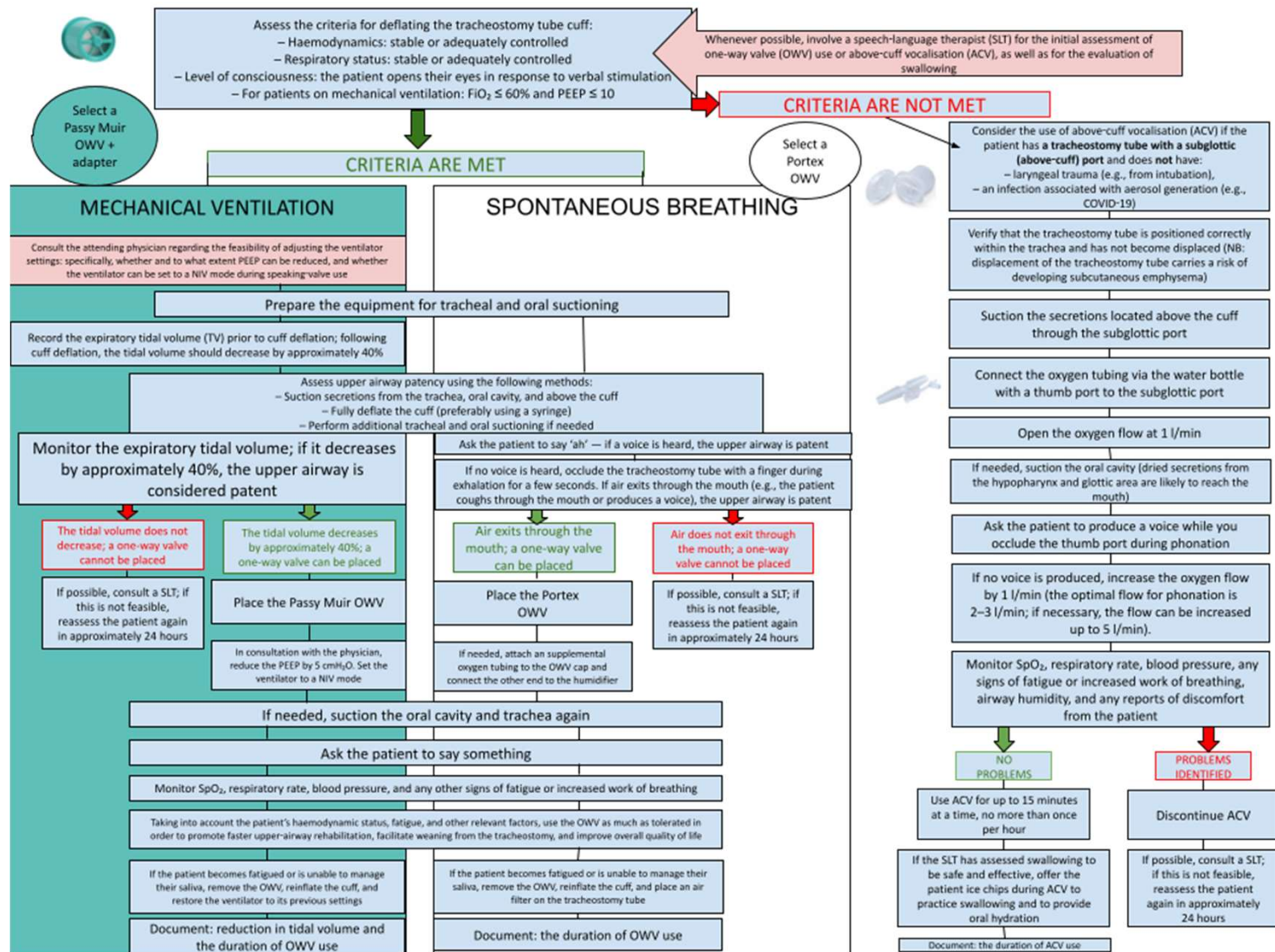
Picture source: <https://tracheostomyeducation.com/subglottic-suctioning-covid-19/>,

https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Parts-and-functions-of-a-Blue-Line-Ultra-Suctionaid-tracheostomy-tube-Smiths-Medical_fig1_335000119



Step-by-step guide for using an OWV or ACV

RESULTS





CONCLUSIONS

- Emerging evidence highlights clear benefits of OWV and ACV in restoring speech and upper airway physiology¹.
- Their implementation requires coordinated multidisciplinary collaboration.
- Before initiating OWV or ACV, consultation with the physician regarding the patient's overall clinical condition and an SLT-led upper airway assessment are recommended to ensure safety.
- Cuff-deflated OWV use should be the first-line communication option.
- ACV with cuff inflation is an appropriate alternative when cuff deflation is limited or delayed.





REFERENCES

- Sutt AL, Caruana LR, Dunster KR, Cornwell PL, Anstey CM, Fraser JF. Speaking valves in tracheostomised ICU patients weaning off mechanical ventilation--do they facilitate lung recruitment? *Crit Care*. 2016 Apr 1;20:91. doi: 10.1186/s13054-016-1249-x. PMID: 27038617; PMCID: PMC4818462.
- Wallace S, McGowan S, Sutt AL. Benefits and options for voice restoration in mechanically ventilated intensive care unit patients with a tracheostomy. *J Intensive Care Soc*. 2023 Feb;24(1):104-111. doi: 10.1177/17511437221113162. Epub 2022 Jul 10. PMID: 36874291; PMCID: PMC9975806.
- Freeman-Sanderson AI, Togher L, Elkins MR et al: Return of Voice for Ventilated Tracheostomy Patients in ICU: A Randomized Controlled Trial of Early-Targeted Intervention. *Critical Care Medicine* 2016; 44(6): 1075-1081.
- McGrath BA, Wallace S, Bentley AM, et al: Safety and feasibility of above cuff vocalisation for ventilator-dependant patients with tracheostomies. *Journal of the Intensive Care Society* 2019; 20(1): 59-65.
- Vergara J, Starmer HM, Wallace S et al: Swallowing and Communication Management of Tracheostomy and Laryngectomy in the Context of COVID-19. *JAMA Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg* 2021;147;(1):85-90.
- Mills CS, Michou E, King N, Bellamy MC, Siddle HJ, Brennan CA, Bojke C. Evidence for Above Cuff Vocalization in Patients With a Tracheostomy: A Systematic Review. *Laryngoscope*. 2022 Mar;132(3):600-611. doi: 10.1002/lary.29591. Epub 2021 May 1. PMID: 33932229.
- Michael A, Jamshidi R, McGrath BA, Wallace S, Erfani R. Above Cuff Vocalisation in Tracheostomised Patients: Defining Optimal Airflow Thresholds Using Computational Fluid Dynamics. *Tracheostomy*. 2025;2(3):7-16.
- O'Connor LR, Morris NR, Paratz J. Physiological and clinical outcomes associated with use of one-way speaking valves on tracheostomised patients: A systematic review. *Heart Lung*. 2019 Jul-Aug;48(4):356-364. doi: 10.1016/j.hrtlng.2018.11.006. Epub 2018 Dec 17. PMID: 30573194.
- ten Hoorn S, Elbers PW, Girbes AR, et al. Communicating with conscious and mechanically ventilated critically ill patients: a systematic review. *Crit Care* 2016; 20: 333, DOI:10.1186/s13054-016-1483-2.
- Toivonen M. Development of a Communication Strategy and Training Program for Interacting with Tracheostomized Patients for the Nurses of the Intensive Care Unit at East-Viru Central Hospital (Master's thesis). Tallinn: Tallinn Health University of Applied Sciences; <https://www.etis.ee/Portal/Mentorships/Display/7bbd6612-0cb8-4735-9331-ce5896aa90bb>